# AKD<sup>®</sup> PROFINET RT Communication



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Keep all manuals as a product component during the life span of the product. Pass all manuals to future users and owners of the product.

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#### **Record of Document Revisions**

Revision	Remarks
	Table with lifecycle information of this document see "Record of Document Revisions" ( $\rightarrow$ p.
	49)
D, 05/2013	Corrections, formatting acc. to 82079
E, 12/2013	Added bit 14 for position mode in Status word bits (ZSW1) ( $\rightarrow$ p. 33).
E 05/2014	Added Signal No. 100 and 101 to Telegram configuration (→ p. 35). Added Manufacturer spe-
1,03/2014	cific telegram 352 to I/O Telegrams (→ p. 41).

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### **Current patents**

- US Patent 5,162,798 (used in control card R/D)
- US Patent 5,646,496 (used in control card R/D and 1 Vp-p feedback interface)
- US Patent 6,118,241 (used in control card simple dynamic braking)
- US Patent 8,154,228 (Dynamic Braking For Electric Motors)
- US Patent 8,214,063 (Auto-tune of a Control System Based on Frequency Response)

Technical changes which improve the performance of the device may be made without prior notice!

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## 2 General

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## 2.1 About this Manual

This manual, *AKD PROFINET RT Communication*, describes the installation, setup, range of functions, and software protocol for the PROFINET AKD product series. All AKD PRO-FINET drives have built-in PROFINET functionality; therefore an additional option card is not required.

A digital version of this manual (pdf format) is available on the DVD included with your drive. Manual updates can be downloaded from the Kollmorgen website.

Related documents for the AKD series include:

- *AKD Installation Manual* This manual provides instructions for installation and drive setup.
- AKD User Guide. This manual describes how to use your drive in common applications. It also provides tips for maximizing your system performance with the AKD. The User Guide includes the Parameter and Command Reference Guide which provides documentation for the parameters and commands used to program the AKD.
- Accessories Manual. This manual provides documentation for accessories like cables and regen resistors used with AKD. Regional versions of this manual exist.

Additional documentation:

• Profile-PROFIdrive (PI group, Profile-PROFIdrive\_3172\_v41\_May06.pdf)

## 2.2 Symbols Used

Warning Symbols

Symbol	Indication
	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.
NOTICE	Indicates situations which, if not avoided, could result in property damage.
NOTE	This symbol indicates important notes.
	Warning of a danger (general). The type of danger is specified by the text next to the sym- bol.
A	Warning of danger from electricity and its effects.
	Warning of suspended loads.

## Drawing symbols

Symbol	Description	Symbol	Description
	Signal ground	¥	Diode
	Chassis ground		Relay
	Protective earth		Relay switch off delayed
	Resistor		Normally open contact
ф П	Fuse	Ļ Į	Normally closed contact

## 2.3 Abbreviations Used

Abbreviation	Meaning
Cat	Category
DO	Drive object
DU	Data Unit
GSD	Device description file
GSDML	GSD Markup Language
НМІ	Human machine interface
ID	Identifier
I/O	Input / Output
IRT	Isochronous Real-Time
LED	Light emitting diode
PAP	Programm Ablauf Protokoll (program sequence protocol)
PLC	Programmable logic control
PNU	Parameter number
RT	Real-Time
STW	Control word
ZSW	Status word

## 3 Safety

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## 3.1 Safety Instructions

#### 3.2 You should pay attention to this

This section helps you to recognize and avoid dangers to people and objects.

#### Read the documentation!

Read the available documentation before installation and commissioning. Improper handling of the drive can cause harm to people or damage to property. The operator of systems using the AKD must require that all personnel who work with the drive read and understand the manual before using the drive.

Install the drive as described in the *Installation Manual*. The wiring for the analog setpoint input and the positioning interface, as shown in the wiring diagram in the *Installation Manual*, is not required.

#### Check Firmware Revision!

Check the Firmware Revision of the product. This number is the link between your product and the fieldbus manual. It must match the Firmware Revision on the manual's cover page.

#### Perform a risk assessment!

The manufacturer of the machine must generate a risk assessment for the machine, and take appropriate measures to ensure that unforeseen movements cannot cause injury or damage to any person or property. Additional requirements on specialist staff may also result from the risk assessment.

#### Observe remote-controlled machine behaviour!

Electronic equipment is basically not failure-proof. The user is responsible for ensuring that, in the event of a failure of the drive, the drive is set to a state that is safe for both machinery and personnel, for instance with the aid of a mechanical brake.

Drives with PROFINET are remote-controlled machines. They can start to move at any time without previous warning. Take appropriate measures to ensure that the operating and service personnel is aware of this danger.

Implement appropriate protective measures to ensure that any unintended start-up of the machines cannot result in dangerous situations for personnel or machinery. Software limit-switches are not a substitute for the hardware limit-switches in the machine.

#### Specialist staff required!

Only properly qualified personnel are permitted to perform such tasks as setup and programming. Qualified specialist staff are persons who are familiar with the installation, setup and programming of drives and who bring their relevant minimum qualifications to bear on their duties:

- Installation: only by electrically qualified personnel.
- Setup : only by qualified personnel with extensive knowledge of electrical engineering and drive technology
- Programming: Software developers, project-planners

The qualified personnel must know and observe ISO 12100 / IEC 60364 / IEC 60664 and national accident prevention regulations.

#### Observe electrostatically sensitive components!

The drives contain electrostatically sensitive components which may be damaged by incorrect handling. Electrostatically discharge your body before touching the drive. Avoid contact with highly insulating materials (artificial fabrics, plastic film etc.). Place the drive on a conductive surface.



#### Hot surface!

Drives may have hot surfaces during operation. The heat sink can reach temperatures above 80°C. Risk of minor burns! Measure the temperature, and wait until the heat sink has cooled down below 40 °C before touching it.

#### Earthing!

It is vital that you ensure that the drive is safely earthed to the PE (protective earth) busbar in the switch cabinet. Risk of electric shock. Without low-resistance earthing no personal protection can be guaranteed and there is a risk of death from electric shock.

#### High voltages!



Wait at least 7 minutes after disconnecting the drive from the main supply power before touching potentially live sections of the equipment (such as contacts) or removing any connections.

Capacitors can have dangerous voltages present up to seven minutes after switching off the supply power. Always measure the voltage in the DC bus link and wait until the voltage is below 60 V before handling components.

#### Never modify the drive!

It is not allowed to modify the drive without permission by the manufacturer. Opening the housing causes loss of warranty.

### 3.3 Use as directed

Drives are components that are built into electrical plants or machines and can only be operated as integral components of these plants or machines. The manufacturer of the machine used with a drive must generate a risk assessment for the machine and take appropriate measures to ensure that unforeseen movements cannot cause personnel injury or property damage.

- Observe the chapters "Use as directed" and "Prohibited use" in the AKD Installation Manual.
- The PROFINET interface serves only for the connection of the AKD directly or via a switch to a network with PROFINET connectivity.

## 3.4 Prohibited use

Other use than that described in chapter "Use as directed" is not intended and can lead to personnel injuries and equipment damage. The drive may not be used with a machine that does not comply with appropriate national directives or standards. The use of the drive in the following environments is also prohibited:

- potentially explosive areas
- environments with corrosive and/or electrically conductive acids, alkaline solutions, oils, vapors, dusts
- ships or offshore applications

## 4 Installation and Setup

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## 4.1 Important Instructions

	<ul> <li>DANGER</li> <li>Never undo any electrical connections to the drive while it is live. There is a danger of electrical arcing with damage to contacts and serious personal injury.</li> <li>Wait at least seven minutes after disconnecting the drive from the main supply power before touching potentially live sections of the equipment (e.g. contacts) or undoing any connections.</li> <li>To be sure, measure the voltage in the DC Bus link and wait until it has fallen below 60 V.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>WARNING</li> <li>Electronic equipment is basically not failure-proof. The user is responsible for ensuring that, in the event of a failure of the drive, the drive is set to a state that is safe for both machinery and personnel, for instance with the aid of a mechanical brake.</li> <li>Drives with PROFINET are remote-controlled machines. They can start to move at any time without previous warning. Take appropriate measures to ensure that the operating and service personnel is aware of this danger.</li> <li>Implement appropriate protective measures to ensure that any unintended start-up of the machines cannot result in dangerous situations for personnel or machinery. Software limit switches are not a substitute for</li> </ul>
	the hardware limit-switches in the machine.
NOTICE	Install the drive as described in the <i>Installation Manual</i> . The wiring for the analog setpoint input and the positioning interface, as shown in the wiring diagram in the <i>Installation Manual</i> , is not required. Never break any of the electrical connections to the drive while it is live. This action can result in destruction of the electronics.
NOTICE	The drive's status must be monitored by the PLC to acknowledge critical situations. Wire the FAULT contact in series into the emergency stop circuit of the installation. The emergency stop circuit must operate the supply contactor.
NOTE	It is permissible to use the setup software to alter the settings of the drive. Any other alter- ations will invalidate the warranty. Because of the internal representation of the position-con- trol parameters, the position controller can only be operated if the final limit speed of the drive does not exceed:
	rotarylinearat sinusoidal2 commutation: 7500 rpmat sinusoidal2 commutation: 4 m/sat trapezoidal commutation: 12000 rpm.at trapezoidal commutation: 6.25 m/s
NOTE	All the data on resolution, step size, positioning accuracy etc. refer to calculatory values. Non-linearities in the mechanism (backlash, flexing, etc.) are not taken into account. If the final limit speed of the motor must be altered, then all the parameters that were previously entered for position control and motion blocks must be adapted.

## 4.2 **PROFINET Onboard**

Connection to the PROFINET Network via X11.



Connect the service interface (X11) of the drive to an Ethernet interface on the PROFINET Master directly or via a network switch, while the supply to the equipment is switched off.

Confirm that the link LED on the AKD (the green LED on the RJ45 connector) and on your Master or Switch are both illuminated. If both lights are illuminated, then you have a good electrical connection.

PROFINET RT and WorkBench can operate simultaneously if a switch is used.

## 4.2.1 LED functions

The communication status is indicated by the built-in LEDs.

Connector	LED#	Name	Function
X11	LED1	IN port Link	ON = active, OFF= not active
	LED2	RUN	ON = running, OFF = not running

## 4.2.2 Connection technology

You can connect to the PROFINET network using RJ-45 connectors. Use standard Cat. 5 Ethernet cables for either connection configuration.

## 4.2.3 Network Connection Examples



## 4.3 Guide to Setup

```
NOTICE
```

## CAUTION

allowed to setup the drive.

Drives with PROFINET are remote-controlled machines. They can start to move at any time without previous warning. Take appropriate measures to ensure that the operating and service personnel is aware of this danger.

Only professional personnel with extensive knowledge of control and drive technology are

Implement appropriate protective measures to ensure that any unintended start-up of the machines cannot result in dangerous situations for personnel or machinery. Software limit-switches are not a substitute for the hardware limit-switches in the machine.

- 1. Check assembly/installation. Check that all the safety instructions in the product manual for the drive and this manual have been observed and implemented. Check station address and baud rate setting.
- 2. Connect PC, start WorkBench. Use the setup software WorkBench to set the parameters for the drive.
- 3. Setup basic functions. Start up the basic functions of the drive and optimize the current, speed and position controllers. This section of the setup is described in the in the online help of the setup software.
- 4. Save parameters. When the parameters have been optimized, save them in the drive.

## 4.4 Configure IP Address parameters

Start the SIMATIC Manager. To assign a new IP address, go to PLC->Edit Ethernet Node:

Access kights	,	No Filter >		
Download Configure Compile and Download Objects Upload to PG Upload Station to PG	Ctrl+L Ctrl+K	ilemens\Step7\s7pro	ıj∖AKD_Gett	
Download User Program to Memory	/ Card	Du Hardware	CPU 315-2PN/DP	
Save to Memory Card Retrieve from Memory Card				
Manage M7 System				
Display Accessible Nodes				
Change Module Identification CPU Messages Display Force Values Monitor/Modify Variables				_
Diagnostic/Setting	+			
PROFIBUS	•			
Edit Ethernet Node				
Assign PG/PC Cancel PG/PC Assignment Update Firmware Update the Operating System				
Save Service Data Access address				

In the next dialog window, click on browse in the Ethernet node group and look for all PRO-FINET devices in your network:

Browse Network - 1	Nodes				×
<u>Start</u> Stop I Fast search	! IP address 192.168.0.10	MAC address 0 00-23-18-00-51	Device type	Name akd-pn-1	
<u>E</u> lash OK	MAC address:	00-23-18-00-51-A4	Cancel	▶ Help	

Select the AKD and click ok. If you have several AKD's in your network, you can also use the MAC address to filter one PROFINET device.

To be sure, that the intended device is selected, you can click the "Flash" Button in the dialog. The display of selected device will flash as long as this function is active.

NOTE

16

The MAC address can be found on the label of the AKD.

Select the radio button *Use IP parameters*: then enter a new IP address and subnet mask to AKD. Click the *Assign IP Configuration* button for the change to take effect

Use the same popup to change the device name at this time by entering a name in the *Device Name* fields and clicking on the *Assign Name* button. Each device connected to the same IO connection must have a unique name. The PROFINET device name for AKD is derived from the AKD DRV.NAME parameter. The PLC, which acts as PROFINET IO-Controller. will use the *Device Name* as address and can change the IP address for each *Device Name*.

Edit Ethernet Node		X
Ethernet node		
		Nodes accessible online
MAC address:	00-23-1B-00-51-A4	Browse
Set IP configuration -	10	
IP address:	192,168.0.10	_ Gateway
C.L		Do not use router
Subnet mask:	J255.255.255.0	Address: 192168.0.10
		102.100.0.10
C Obtain IP addres	s <u>f</u> rom a DHCP server	
Identified by		
Client ID	C MAC address	C De <u>v</u> ice name
Clie <u>n</u> t ID:		
Assign IP Config	uration	
Assign device name		
Device name:	akd-on-1	Assign Name
	Jakapinn	Assignmente
- Beset to factory setti	2000	
	'9*	Panet
		<u><u> </u></u>
		Help

You will usually see a status message that indicates that the change was successful and the AKD display will show the new address. If you receive a failure message, make sure that no IO connection is currently running, then retry the address or name change.

A current connection of WorkBench to AKD will be disconnected when the IP address is changed. When this happens, reconnect to the new IP address.

## 4.4.1 Dependency Service channel (WorkBench) and PROFINET

WorkBench and PROFINET use the same IP communication channel to communicate with the drive so changing the IP address has implications for both interfaces.

There are several options for assigning the IP address for WorkBench and PROFINET as described in the AKD User Guide:

- DHCP, AutoIP
- Static IP addressing
  - Via rotary switches (Address area 192.168.0.xx)
  - Via ASCII commands IP.ADDRESS, IP.SUBNET. IP.GATEWAY
- PROFINET Devices (only): DCP

Once you have changed the IP address via DCP (e.g. through the steps above), the IP.\* parameters stored in the drive are overwritten. Should you need to use DHCP or static IP addressing later, you must use WorkBench to set, the IP.MODE to something other than 1. See AKD User Guide for details on the mode you would like to use.

## 4.4.2 Reset of IP Address parameters

If the AKD can not be found in the network, as a last resort, reset all IP address parameters to their default values.

This is done by setting the rotary switches to 0 and holding the B1 button longer than 5 seconds. After this, the current IP address setting will be lost and the IP address is restored to default settings (after power cycle):

If rotary switches are zero, the DHCP and AutoIP is enabled.

If rotary switches are not zero, the static IP address is 192.168.0.xx (xx rotary switches) and subnet mask 255.255.255.0.

## 4.5 Setup Step 7

- 1. Start the SIMATIC Manager.
- 2. Open the hardware manager (double click on Hardware).

	5	IMAT	IC Ma	nager	- AKD_	_1Steps	i.								
Ē	ile	Edit	Inser	t P <u>L</u> C	⊻iew	Option:	; <u>W</u> inc	low į	<u>H</u> elp						
-	D	<b>2</b>	87		; B		9	<u>9</u>	<u>ם</u>	8- 8-	6-6- 6-6- 6-6-		E	< No	Filter >
Í															
l		🔤 AK	D_15	teps	C:\Pro	ogramm	e\Sien	nens\	Step	7\57	Proj	j∖AK	D_15	ite	
l			) AKD	_1Step:	s		840	lardwa	are			CPU	315		
		Ė		SIMATIO	0 300(1	)									

3. Go to Options and click "Install GSD Files". Here also the GSDML files for PROFINET devices can be installed.:

HW Config - [SIMATIC 300(1) (Co	onfiguration) AKD_1Steps]		
🖣 Station Edit Insert PLC View	Options Window Help		
D 🗲 🏪 🖷 🖏 🎒 🖪 E	Customize	Ctrl+Alt+E	
	Specify Module Configure Network Symbol Table Report System Error	Ctrl+Alt+T	-1
2 CPU 315	Edit Catalog Profile Update Catalog		
X1 MPI/DP X2 PN-IO X2 P1 Part 1	Install HW Updates Install GSD File		1): PROFINET-IO-System (100)
X2 P2 Poit 2	Find in Service & Support		
4	Create GSD file for I-Device.		
5 6			
7		<b>•</b>	

4. Browse for the latest AKD GSDML file and click on install:

ostall GSD Files:	from	n the directory		-	
E:VAKD1Steps					Browse
File GSDML-V2.1-Kollmorgen-AK	.D-20101225.xml	Release 12/25/2010 12:0	Ver 0:00 AM V2	sion Lan 1 Eng	guages lish, German
	how log	Salact All 1	Deselect	AII 1	
Install S	how Log	Select <u>A</u> ll	<u>D</u> eselect	All	

The AKD GSDML file is installed now and can be found in the SIMATIC hardware catalog.



Open PROFINET I/O->Additional Fieldbus Devices->Drives->AKD



6. Click on the AKD device (not a telegram) and connect it to the PLC (drag and drop)



7. Now configure the telegram, for example telegram 7 for use in position mode. Drag and drop telegram 7 into slot 1.

a m	w coning - [:	SIMATIC 300(1)	(Configuration)	AKU_ISCEPS				
1 5	tation Edit	Insert PLC Y	iew Options Wind	ow Help				
	🚅 💁 🖬	R. 8 0	8 4 4	0 🗆 🐮 1	?			
	0 UR 1 2 X7 X2 X2 P1 X2 P2 3 4 5 6 7	E CPU 315 MP//DP PN/0 Pot 1 Pot 2				1) PROFINET-IO-System (100)	×	End: ProFiBUS DP PROFIBUS DP PROFIBUS PA PROFINE T IO AKD AKD >002407 PN AKD >002407 PN AKD on standard telegram 351 Standard telegram 1 Standard telegram 1
							<u>ار</u>	B I/0     Rework Components
•	(1) A	KD						Sensors     Switching devices     SWATIC 300
Sk	ot Mo	dule	Ouder number	I address	Q address	Diagnostic address:	Comment	E SIMATIC 400
1	Stand	ard telegram 7	AKD #02407	256259	256259	2042*		SIMATIC PC Based Control 300/400

8. Double click on the PROFINET network (line which connects PLC and AKD) and configure the update time. Click OK for closing this window.

COFINET IO-System Properties General Update Time						
Communication allocation (PROFINET IO) Send clock:	100.0	▼ % ▼ ms				
De / Device Name	Type AKD	RT Class	IRT Option	Mode Fixed update time	Update Time (ms) 8.000	
<u>E</u> dit <u>S</u> elect All						
ОК					Cancel	Help

9. Save and compile the hardware configuration.

## 4.6 Parameter Configuration with PROFIdrive over PROFINET IO

The AKD is defined as an I/O Device in PROFINET IO. A PLC or other IO-Controller establishes a connection via a so called application relations (AR). Within this AR, different profiles like PROFIdrive, PROFIsafe etc. can be used for the communication. The PROFIdrive profile, which AKD supports, is defined as Application Process Identifier (API) 0x3A00.

Within the AR, further addressing needs to done. PROFINET IO divides each device in so called slots and subslots. Sub 0 refers to the device itself and returns all generic data like vendor name, software and hardware version. The subslots within the device can be used with different real and virtual modules. Each module a functional component, which for example can be a digital I/O or Telegram with Position values.

AKD provides several virtual modules, which can be used in Slot 1 and are used for the real time data exchange.

For read or write parameters to or from the AKD, the global base mode parameter access can be used (see PROFIdrive chapter 8.6). The parameter manager is accessed through Slot 1 and a non real time channel needs to be used for this purpose. The AKD supports the record data 47, which is used to address the Parameter numbers (PNUs).

Block definition	Byte n+1	Byte n	n
Request header	Request Reference	Request ID	0
	Axis-No. / DO-ID	No. of Parameters = n	2
1st Parameter Address	Attribute	No. of Elements	4
	Parameter Number (PNU)		
	Subindex		
n <sup>th</sup> Parameter Address	····		4 + 6 x (n-1)
1st Parameter Value(s)	Format	No. of Values	4 + 6 x n
(only for request	Values		
"Change parameter)	····		
n <sup>th</sup> Parameter Value(s)	r		
			4 + 6 x n ++ (Format_n x Qty_n)

Base mode parameter access shows the construction of the telegram:

The following PROFIdrive services are supported:

- Single parameter value request
- Multiple parameter value request
- Single parameter change request
- Multiple parameter change request

#### **Record data fields**

The table shows the structure and the supported fields in the AKD for a parameter request.

Field	Data type	Values	Comment
Request reference	Unsigned8	0x00 reserved	
		0x01-0xFF	
Response ID	Unsigned8	0x01 Request parameter (+)	
		0x02 Change parameter (+)	
		0x81 Request parameter (-)	
		0x82 Change parameter (-)	
Axis / DO-ID	Unsigned8	0x00	one Axis
No. of Parameters	Unsigned8	0x01 0x27	
Attribute	Unsigned8	0x00 reserved	
		0x10 Value	
		0x20 Description	
No. of Elements	Unsigned8	0x01 0xEA Quantity	
Parameter number	Unsigned16	0x0001 0xFFFF PNU	
Subindex	Unsigned16	0x0000 0xFFFE	

## 4.6.1 Parameter configuration



## 4.6.2 Example for writing the operation mode

For writing the operation mode an acyclic change parameter value request needs to be send from the IO-Controller/Supervisor to the AKD.

If the user wants to write e.g. the operation mode to position mode (DRV.OPMODE 2) over PROFINET, the PNU 930 needs to be written with value 0x0002. The PROFIdrive base parameter access (see "Position Units" (→ p. 43)) describes the procedure.

Change parameter request	(Operation mode):
--------------------------	-------------------

Byte (dec)	Value (hex)	Description
0	0x05	Request reference: e.g. 5
1	0x02	Request ID: Change parameters
2	0x00	Axis: 0 (the AKD parameter manager)
3	0x01	No of Parameter: 1
4	0x10	Attribute: Value
5	0x01	No. of Elements
6	0x03	PNU: 930 Operation mode
7	0xA2	
8	0x00	Subindex: 0
9	0x00	
10	0x42	Format: Word
11	0x01	No of Values: 1
12	0x00	Operation mode
13	0x02	

The AKD answers with a positive response without values:

Byte (dec)	Value (hex)	Description
0	0x05	Request Ref. mirrored: e.g. 5
1	0x02	Response ID: Change parameters
2	0x00	Axis: 0 (the AKD parameter manager)
3	0x01	No of Parameter: 1
4	0x00	Format
5	0x00	No. of Values 0

## **5 PROFINET IO**

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## 5.1 Introduction

PROFINET IO is a real time protocol based on Ethernet. It is used as high level network for industrial automation applications. PROFINET IO is very similar to PROFIbus and focuses on the data exchange for programmable controller.

A PROFINET IO network consists of following devices:

- IO controller: This is typically the PLC, which controls the whole application.
- IO device: a decentralized IO device (e.g. drive, encoder, sensor), which is controlled by the IO controller.
- IO supervisor: HMI (human machine interface) or PC for diagnostic purposes or commissioning.

The real time channel (RT) is used for IO data and alarm mechanism. In PROFINET IO RT (conformance class A and B), the RT data is transferred via a prioritized Ethernet frame. No special hardware is required. Due to this prioritization a cycle time < 10ms can be achieved.

• PROFINET IO IRT is used for higher timing requirements. Cycle times < 1ms is possible, but also special hardware for IO Devices and switches are required.

All diagnostic and configuration data is transferred via the non real time channel (NRT). The well known UDP protocol is used for this purpose. Anyhow, no timing determinism can be guaranteed and typical the cycle times can be > 100ms.

#### 5.2 Restrictions and requirements

### 5.2.1 Conformance Classes

AKD support Conformance Classes A and B. This means PROFIdrive parameters can be configured over the PROFINET network, fault can be delivered and cyclic data channel functions. However, the synchronization between axes can not take place since it is a part of Conformance Class C.

#### 5.2.2 Cycle time of RT data

AKD fastest cycle time for the PROFINET cyclic data is 8 milliseconds.

#### 5.2.3 Connector

PROFINET network connector in the AKD is the same RJ45 connector used for the service functions. This connector is numbered as X11 on the AKD's top panel.

#### 5.2.4 Network topology

AKD can be connected as an I/O device on the PROFINET network in two manners:

- 1. As the last node in the network (since AKD has only one connector) in a line topology
- 2. As another node on the network in star topology (using a switch)

## 6 **PROFIDRIVE over PROFINET IO**

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## 6.1 Introduction

The AKD supports the PROFIdrive profile for accessing and configuring standard and manufacture parameters via PROFINET IO to start/stop/configuring motion control tasks.

The profile defines as main element the Drive Object (DO), which is controlling the motion task related parameters. It is important to understand that PROFIdrive is only a user profile, which can be used with PROFINET IO.

Note that the AKD supports all mandatory functionality of the PROFIdrive profile, but naturally not all optional functionality. This chapter describes the supported optional elements.

## 6.2 AKD as Drive Object (DO)



The drive object contains the following items:

- General state machine
- Axis control task
- Parameter manager with parameter data base

Multiple communication channels are used for read/write data values over PROFINET IO. The drive object can be accessed via:

- Cyclic data exchange
- Acyclic data exchange
- Alarm queue (currently not supported)
- Clock synchronous operation (currently not supported)

The cyclic data exchange includes the transmission/reception of data values like set point values (e.g. Position set point, velocity set point or control word) and actual values (actual position value, actual velocity or status word) between the master and the drive object. These values are called IO data and are transferred in real time.

The acyclic data is used for configuring the drive, which typically is not time critical. Each DO has an own parameter manager, which handles the access. The non real time channel is used for this in PROFINET IO.

The alarm queue is used for signaling the master an exception situations, which are generated through the state machine or the axis control task itself (not supported in AKD).

The clock synchronous operation requires PROFINET IRT (conformance class C), which is currently not supported by the AKD.

## 6.3 General State Machine



## 6.4 Control word bits (STW1)

The S7 application must set the bits in control word 1 to go through the PROFIdrive standard state machine to enable mode (complying with the PROFIdrive standard 6.3.2). Bits 0-3 control the state machine state.

The control word (STW1) defines the following general functions:

General Co	General Control Word Bits				
Bit Description		Comment			
Number					
0	STW1 on/off	ON / OFF.			
1	STW1 no coast stop	The drive will not coast stop if this bit is set.			
2	STW1 no quick stop	The drive will not execute quick stop if this bit is set.			
3	STW1 enable operation	n The drive will enable and execute command if all pre			
		conditions are set.			
7	Fault acknowledge	Set this bit to reset faults in the drive.			
10	Control by PLC	When not set no command will be accepted from the			
		PLC.			

#### In velocity mode:

STW1 Spe	STW1 Special bits (Velocity mode)			
Bit	Description	Comment		
Number				
4	Enable ramp generator of the drive	Use DRV.ACC and DRV.DEC.		
5	Unfreeze the ramp gen-	If frozen, the drive stays at current velocity without		
	erator in the drive	continuing to ramp up or down.		
6	Enable set point	The drive accepts set point from the master. If this bit		
		is not set, the velocity will be 0.		
8	Jog 1 on/off	The drive runs up/brakes along the ramp to jogging		
		setpoint 1/standstill.		
		Prerequisite: Operation is enabled, drive is in stand-		
		still and STW1 bit 4, 5, 6 = 0.		
9	Jog 2 on/off	The drive runs up/brakes along the ramp to jogging		
		setpoint 2/standstill.		
		Prerequisite: Operation is enabled, drive is in stand-		
		still and STW1 bit 4, 5, $6 = 0$ .		
11-15	Device specific	Not implemented.		

Control word 1 must also set bits 4,5,6 (for speed control – in velocity operation mode) to enable ramp generator and bit 10 to set the drive to be controlled by the PLC.

Bit 7 is used to acknowledge fault. The AKD will clear the fault and go automatically to S1 state after a fault is cleared.

The optional jog bits 8 and 9 can be used for the jogging functionility in velocity mode. PNU 1004 and 1005 define the jogging setpoints 1 and 2.

#### In position mode:

STW1 Special bits (Position mode)				
Bit Number	Name	Description		
4	Do Not Reject Trav- ersing Task	A traversing task is activated using the positive sig- nal edge at bit 6.		
5	No Intermediate Stop	Traversing task can be interrupted and continued.		
6	Activate Traversing Task	Positive signal edge enables a traversing task.		
8	Jog 1 on/off	The drive runs up/brakes along the ramp to jogging setpoint 1/standstill. Prerequisite: Operation is enabled, drive is in standstill and STW1 bit 4, 5, 6 = 0.		
9	Jog 2 on/off	The drive runs up/brakes along the ramp to jogging setpoint 2/standstill. Prerequisite: Operation is enabled, drive is in stand-still and STW1 bit 4, 5, 6 = 0.		
11	Start Homing Procedure	Homing mode is active. If this bit is cleared, the hom- ing is aborted and the drive stops.		
12	Real Time Jogging	Jogging data taken from MDI_ACC, MDI_DEC, MDI_VELOCITY.		
13	Real Time Jogging Direction	0: Clockwise 1: Counterclockwise		
14-15	Device-specific	Not implemented.		

The optional jog bits 8 and 9 can be used for the jogging functionility in position mode. PNU 1004 and 1005 define the jogging setpoints 1 and 2.

## 6.5 Status word bits (ZSW1)

All status word1 bits are implemented according to the PROFIdrive standard. For application class 1 (speed control) and 3 (position mode) all mandatory bits are implemented.

General Status Word Bits				
Bit Number	Description	Comment		
0	ZSW1 drive ready to switch on	Ready To Switch On /Not Ready To Switch On.		
1	ZSW1 drive ready to operate	Ready To Operate / Not Ready To Oper- ate.		
2	ZSW1 operation enabled	Operation Enabled (drive follows velocity set point) / Operation Disabled.		
3	Fault present	A fault is present in the drive.		
4	Coast stop not activated	No coast stop is executed.		
5	Quick stop not activated	No quick stop is executed.		
6	Switching on inhibited			
7	Warning present			
9	Control requested by the master			

### In velocity mode:

ZSW1 Special bits (Velocity mode)				
Bit Number	Description	Comment		
8	Velocity error within range			
10	Target velocity reached			
11-15	Device specific	Not Implemented.		

#### In position mode:

ZSW1 Special bits (Position mode)				
Bit Number	Name	Description		
8	Following error in range	Error window (PL.ERR and PL.ERRWTHRESH).		
10	Target position reached	DRV.MOTIONSTAT Bit 11( Motion task target position has been reached).		
11	Home position set	DRV.MOTIONSTAT Bit 1 & 2 (Homing fin- ished).		
12	Traversing Task acknowl- edgment	On positive edge, traversing task acknowl- edged or set point accepted.		
13	Drive stopped	Axis is not moving		
14	Motion task active	DRV.MOTIONSTAT Bit 0 (Motion task active/inactive)		
15	Device specific	Not implemented		

## 6.6 Supported PNU's

### List of all supported PROFIdrive PNU's

The table mentions all supported PROFIdrive specific parameters. The access needs to be done via base mode parameter access described in "Parameter Configuration with PRO-FIdrive over PROFINET IO" ( $\rightarrow$  p. 22).

PNU	Name	Data type	Description
915	DO IO Data configuring (set point telegram)	Array of U16	
916	DO IO Data configuring (actual value telegram)	Array of U16	
922	Telegram selection	U16	The PROFIdrive telegram used for the IO connection can be con- figured.
923	List of all parameters for signals	Array of U16	All supported signals and their cor- responding PNU's.
930	Operating mode	U16	
944	Fault message counter	U16	
947	Fault number	Array of U16	All active faults.
964	Drive Unit Identification	Array of U16	Indices 0-4
965	Profile identification number		
975	DO identification		
980 to 989	Number list of defined parameter	Array of U16	
1002	No. of singleturn bits	U16	Scaling of singletum part in signal MDI_TARPOS
1004	Jog v1	S16	Jogging set point 1
1005	Jog v2	S16	Sogging set point 2
1006	Jog Acc	U16	Jogging acceleration. Uses the acceleration ramp of velocity loop.
1007	Jog Dec	U16	Jogging deceleration. Uses the deceleration ramp of velocity loop.
1008	Acceleration scaling	U16	Scaling factor for acceleration and deceleration.

#### List of all manufacturer specific PNU's

The table shows all manufacture specific signals. All supported PROFIdrive and manufacture specific signals can be mapped into telegram 0 (dynamic telegram configuration).

PNU	Name	Data type	Description	
1	STW1	U16	I/O control word	
2	ZSW1	U16	I/O status word	
5	NSOLL_A	S16	Velocity set point value	
6	NIST_A	S16	Velocity actual value	
32	SATZANW	U16	Motion task selection	
33	AKTSATZ	U16	Actual motion task running	
52	ITIST_GLATT	U16	Active Current (torque)	

**Supported Formats:** 

Format	0x41	0x42	0x43
Data type	Byte	Word	Dword

## 6.7 Signals

MDI_MOD				
Bit	Description			
0	0: Relative Positioning 1: Absolute Positioning			
1 to 15	Reserved			

## 6.8 Telegram configuration

The telegram configuration is made according to the PROFIdrive standard. The PROFIdrive parameters used in the configuration are: P922, P923, P915, P916 (see PROFIdrive profile, page 110). The following PROFIdrive signals are changing the corresponding AKD signals:

Signal No.	I No. Signal name PROFIdrive signal name		AKD signal	
1	Control word 1	STW1	Control word 1	
2	Status word 1	ZSW1	Status word 1	
5	Speed A	NSOLL_A	VL.CMD	
6	Speed actual value	NIST_A	VL.FB	
32	Traversing block selection	SATZANW	MT.MOVE	
33	Actual traversing block	AKTSATZ	MT.PARAMS	
34	MDI target position	MDI_TARPOS	MT.P*	
35	MDI velocity	MDI_VELOCITY	MT.V*	
36	MDI acceleration	MDI_ACC	MT.ACC*	
37	MDI deceleration	MDI_DEC	MT.DEC*	
38	MDI mode	MDI_MOD	MT.CNTL*	
52	Active current (torque)	ITIST_GLATT	IL.FB	
100	Homing distance	HOME_DIST	HOME.DIST	
101	Motion task feedrate	MT_FEEDRATE	MT.FEEDRATE	

\*Attention: The PROFIdrive signals are not mapped 1:1 to the AKD signals. The unit conversion for PROFIdrive needs to be used.

Either the predefined standard telegrams can be used for accessing the signals or a free mapping can be used with telegram 0.

The signals are also available in the PNU list. Each signal can be read/write with the same PNU number. For instance, signal "Speed actual value" is also available with PNU 6.

## 6.9 Velocity Mode (Application class 1)

In this mode, the drive is controlled via a primary set point (speed set point). The speed control is completely in the drive controller.

The field bus is merely the transmission medium between the automation system and the drive controller. The Cyclic Data Exchange Communication Service is used.

#### Example

This example demonstrates enabling the drive and executing motion in velocity mode using standard telegram 1. This means that the master needs to send 32 bits (16 control word and 16 velocity command) and read back 32 bits (16 status word and 16 velocity feedback)

- Send control word bits as follows to move the state machine to S1: 0000\_0100\_0111\_0000. Velocity command can be zero (it is ignored at this phase)
- Send control word bits as follows to move the state machine to S2: 0000\_0100\_0111\_0110. Velocity command can be zero (it is ignored at this phase)
- 3. Send control word bits as follows to move the state machine to S3: 0000\_0100\_0111\_0111. Velocity command can be zero (it is ignored at this phase)
- 4. Send control word bits as follows to move the state machine to S4 and enable the drive: 0000\_0100\_0111\_1111. Velocity command is used now, set it to 0x00A3 (1 rps)

## 6.10 Position Mode (Application class 3)

In this application class the Drive Object (DO) provides a closed position control loop with its own position interpolation. The motion tasks, which are configured by MT parameters in AKD, can be accessed.

In PROFIdrive two different submodes are possible, which allow the controlling device to access motion task parameters via I/O messaging.

Furthermore the general state machine of the drive Axis Object is extended to start/configure/stop a motion task.

"ONLY" in state S4 ("Operational"), the extended state machine can be accessed.

#### 6.10.1 Submode "Program mode"

The "Program mode" can be used to start/switch to a specific predefined motion task via I/O messaging. Telegram 7 ("Standard telegram 7" ( $\rightarrow$  p. 41)) is used for this purpose. For addressing the motion task signal "SATZANW" is used. With signal "AKTSATZ" the actual running motion task number can be read.

Requirements:

- Drive axis state machine needs to be in S4 ("Operational")
- Operation mode needs to be "Position mode"
- Standard telegram 7 needs to be configured
- Axis needs to be homed (ZSW1 Bit 11 set, also see "Status word bits (ZSW1)" on page 33)
- Motion task needs to be configured

Start a motion task:

- Set SATZANW to the motion task number, which shall be started
- Set STW1 Bit 4 and 5 to true (Do not reject traversing task and no intermediate stop)
- Set STW1 Bit 6 from zero to one, the motion task will be activated
- ZSW1 Bit 13 will be set to one when the drive is moving
- after the target position is reached, ZSW 1 Bit 10 is set

Abort or error in executing motion task:

- If the following error is not in tolerance range, ZSW1 Bit 8 is set
- If the following error is not in tolerance range, ZSW1 Bit 8 is set
- If the following error is not in tolerance range, ZSW1 Bit 8 is set

Warning or Fault handling:

- case of warning, ZSW1 Bit 7 is set (also see "Status word bits (ZSW1)" on page 33)
- case of fault, ZSW1 Bit 3 is set (also see "Status word bits (ZSW1)" on page 33)

The figure on the next page shows the extension of the general state diagram of DO. Also the optional jog functionility is supported. The homing procedure can be achieved through bit STW1 Bit 11 (also see "Homing" on page 40). After an intermediate stop, the motion task can be activated again through STW1 Bit 5 set.

If the general state machine of the DO is in "Operational" and the standard telegram 7 is used to configure a motion task, the following sequence can be used to start a motion task:

- Configure a motion task
- Change the general state machine to S4 (Drive is enabled)
- Set SATZANW to the motion task number, which needs to be started
- Used STW1 Bit 4,5 and 6 to start the motiontask. BIT 6 needs to be an edge



#### The extension of the general state diagram of DO:

#### 6.10.2 Submode "Manual data input (MDI)"

The "manual data input" mode can be used to run a motion task directly configured through IO data. Telegram 9 is used for this purpose and defines the motion task specific signals like acceleration (MID\_ACC), deceleration (MID\_DEC), velocity (MDI\_VEL) and target position (MDI\_TAR\_POS). With setting bit 15 in signal "SATZANW", the MDI mode can be activated. Requirements:

- Drive axis state machine needs to be in S4 ("Operational").
- Operation mode needs to be "Position mode".
- Standard telegram 9 needs to be configured.
- Axis needs to be homed (ZSW1 Bit 11 set, See also "Status word bits (ZSW1)" (→ p. 33).

Run a motion task:

- Set bit 15 in SATZANW to 1
- Configure all setpoint value in telegram 9 like MDI\_ACC, MDI\_DEC, MDI\_MOD etc..
- Set STW1 Bits 4 and 5 to true (Do not reject traversing task and no intermediate stop).
- Set STW1 Bit 6 from zero to one, the motion task will be loaded.
- ZSW1 Bit 12 is set to one, when the drive has started the new motion task.
- ZSW1 Bit 13 will be set to 1 when the drive is moving after the target position is reached, ZSW 1 Bit 10 is set.



The extension of the state diagram for mdi mode:

The activation of a new motion task (or traversing task), is done through a hand shake algorithm. After setting the "Activate traversing task" bit 6 in STW1, the signals MDI\_TARPOS, MDI\_VELOCITY, MDI\_ACC, MDI\_DEC and MDI\_MOD with their current values are loaded into the drive. The "Traversing Task Acknowledgment" bit 12 in ZSW1 indicates the point in time, when the motion task is starting execution.



The figure shows the behavior:

If another motion task shall be executed before the current motion task has finished ("Change on the fly"), the "Activate traversing task" Bit in STW1 can be directly cleared (after the setting of Bit 12 in ZSW1 was detected). In addition, the drive will clear Bit 12 in ZSW1. After this another motion task can be loaded. If an error occurs or the configured motion task can not be executed, bit 12 in ZSW1 will not be set.

#### 6.10.3 Homing

Requirements:

- Drive axis state machine needs to be in S4 ("Operational")
- The homing mode needs to be configured via HOME.MODE 1001 (available also via PNU 1001).
- No motion task is active
- Operation mode needs to be "Position mode"

Home procedure:

- STW1 Bit 11 set to one
- ZSW1 Bit 10, 11, 13 will be set to false if homing is running
- ZSW1 Bit 10,11,13 will be set to true if homing is finished

Abort homing:

while the homing is running, clear STW1 Bit 11

If the controller aborts a running home procedure, the home position set flag (ZSW1 Bit 11) remains cleared.

Warning or Fault handling:

- case of warning, ZSW1 Bit 7 is set
- case of fault, ZSW1 Bit 3 is set

Mapping to AKD specific commands:

An activation of the homing procedure via STW1 Bit 11 corresponds to the AKD specific command HOME.MOVE. When the homing procedure is finished, the AKD set the bits 2 and bit 4 in DRV.MOTIONSTAT. "Only" if these two bits are set, the PROFIdrive specific homing flag ZSW1 Bit 11 (home position) is set.

## 6.11 I/O Telegrams

## 6.11.1 Telegram 0

Telegram 0 is used for the free mapping of PROFIdrive signals into the PROFINET I/O data. With PNU 922 the telegram can be configured. PNU915 defines then set point signals and PNU 916 the actual value signals.

Limitations: The number and kind of signals, which can be mapped, are depending on the configuration of your PROFINET master. The length for input and output values in the IO communication is given through telegram configuration in slot 1.

## 6.11.2 Standard telegram 1

Typically used for application class 1 (velocity mode). The set point velocity value can be directly controlled by an PROFINET master.

IO Data Number	Set point	Actual values
1	STW1	ZSW1
2	NSOLL_A	NIST_A

## 6.11.3 Standard telegram 7

Typically used for application class 3 (position mode). Predefined motion tasks can be selected directly via IO data.

IO Data Number	Set point	Actual values
1	STW1	ZSW1
2	SATZANW	AKTSATZ

## 6.11.4 Standard telegram 9

Typically used for application class 3 (position mode). A motion task can be directly configured via IO data.

IO Data Number	Set point	Actual values
1	STW1	ZSW1
2	SATZANW	AKTSATZ
3	STW2	ZSW2
4	MDI_TARPOS	XIST_A
5		XIST_A
6	MDI_VELOCITY	
7		
8	MDI_ACC	
9	MDI_DEC	
10	MDI_MOD	

#### 6.11.5 Manufacturer specific telegram 350

Telegram 350 is typically used for application class 1 (velocity mode). Additionally to telegram 1 the actual current value can be monitored in the IO data.

IO Data number Set point		Actual values
1	STW1	ZSW1
2	NSOLL_A	NIST_A
3		ITIST_GLATT

#### 6.11.6 Manufacturer specific telegram 351

Telegram 351 is typically used for application class 1 (velocity mode). Additonally to telegram 1 the actual current value and position value can be monitored in the IO data.

IO Data number	Set point	Actual values
1	STW1	ZSW1
2	NSOLL_A	NIST_A
3		ITIST_GLATT
4, 5		XIST_A

### 6.11.7 Manufacturer specific telegram 352

IO Data Number	Set point	Actual values
1	STW1	ZSW1
2	SATZANW	AKTSATZ
3	STW2	ZSW2
4	MDI_TARPOS	XIST_A
5		XIST_A
6	MDI_VELOCITY	
7		
8	MDI_ACC	
9	MDI_DEC	
10	MDI_MOD	
11	HOME_DIST	
12		

## 6.12 Units

#### 6.12.1 Velocity units

Velocity units are normalized according to X2 data normalization of PROFIdrive (hence "set normalization bit x" =>  $2^{x}$  = 100% velocity).

#### In velocity mode:

The AKD uses x=15 and 100% is the maximum velocity of the AKD hence 12000 rpm. Thus the velocity units are  $2^{15} = 12000$  rpm.

E.g. if the S7 wants to set a velocity of 60 rpm in the cyclic channel in needs to convert:

(60 / 12000) \* 2^15 = 163

In position mode:

For signal MDI\_VELOCITY x = 32 and 100% is the maximum velocity of the AKD hence 12000 rpm. Thus a value of 2^32 for MDI\_VELOCITY is equal 12000 rpm.

### 6.12.2 Position Units

The signal MDI\_TARPOS a 32 signed position value. In the default configuration, the resolution per revolution is 2^16 (65536) counts. The number of singleturn bits (default 16) can be changed through PNU 1002.

#### 6.12.3 Acc-/Deceleration Units

The acceleration signal MDI\_ACC and MDI\_DEC are normalized in the X2 format. (x = 16 is equal to 100% and means 50000000 rpm /sec.)

#### 6.12.4 Current units

Current units are normalized according to N2 data normalization of PROFIdrive (2^14 = 100%). The AKD's 100% is the maximum current of the AKD hence DRV.IPEAK.

Thus current units are 2<sup>14</sup> = DRV.IPEAK.

Example: for 3 A AKD, if the S7 reads a current value of -182 Arms in the cyclic channel from the AKD, it will need to execute the conversion  $(0.4, 2014) \neq (402) = 0.4$  Arms

(9 / 2^14) \* (-182) = -0.1 Arms

## 6.13 Alarms

Not implemented yet.

## 6.14 Fault

All actual faults can be described as a so called "Fault situation". This fault situation can be read from the fault buffer with PNU 947. A fault situation can have up to 8 different faults. An unacknowledged is indicated by ZSW1 bit 3 (fault present). With acknowledging the actual fault situation, the fault numbers are shifted to the acknowledged faults section (shift of 8 positions in the fault buffer (PNU 947)). Each time a fault situation is generated, a fault message counter is incremented (PNU 944). With reading the value of the fault message counter before and after the read process of the Fault buffer (947), the user can be sure that no other fault situation has been occurred in the meanwhile if these values are equal.

The fault buffer PNU 947 store up to 8 fault situation. Each fault situation can have up to 8 fault numbers.



## 7 Sample Projects

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## 7.1 Sample S7 Project

### 7.1.1 Introduction

On our website <u>www.kollmorgen.com</u>, you can find an STEP 7 sample project which provides a PROFINET network with an IO-controller and the AKD as IO-device.

The sample project can help you to learn:

- how to enable the drive
- how to write/read a parameter via the acyclic channel
- how the cyclic data exchange is done

The sample project is based on a CPU-315 controller, which easily can be changed to another PROFINET supporting controller.

NOTE

Kollmorgen does not guarantee correctness.

#### 7.1.2 Project description

You will find in the STEP 7 program three organization blocks that need to be implemented.

- OB1, which is used for the main program and is a cyclic process.
- OB40, which is used for any process alarm (needs to be implemented the CPU from STOP to RUN).
- OB82, which catches the diagnostic alarms.

Two variable tables are included

- TG1\_IO\_DATA can be used to control easily the IO data between the plc and the AKD
- PARAMETER\_ACCESS table is used for read/write PNU's via PROFINET

AKD_GettingStarted C:\Programme\Siemens\Step7\s7proj\AKD_Gett						
AKD_GettingStarted SIMATIC 300 CPU 315-2PN/DP S7-Programm(1) Quellen Bausteine	Systemdaten ⊕ 0B1	⊕ 0832 ₽ SFC13	t OB40	<b>⊕</b> 0882	¥ TG1_I0_DATA	

In the hardware manager, you can see the following setup :

IMATIC 300 (Configuration) AKD_GettingStarted	-0×
😄 (0) UR	
Image: CPU 315-2PN/DP           X1         MPI/DP           X2         PN-IO           X2 P1         Pad 1           X2 P2         Pod 2           3         Image: CPU 315-2PN/DP           4         Image: CPU 315-2PN/DP           5         Image: CPU 315-2PN/DP           7         Image: CPU 315-2PN/DP	T
	<u>&gt;</u>
(1) AKD	
lot 🚺 Module Order number I address Q address Diagnostic address: Comment	
1 AKD AKD +02407 2042*	
Standard telegram 1 256259 256259	

#### 7.1.3 Getting started

- To use this example project, open the SIMATIC manager and retrieve the project zip file (SimaticManager->File->Retrieve).
- 2. After the project is loaded, go to the hardware manager and check the communication setup. If no AKD GSDML file is installed, the hardware manager will install it from the project. If there is already an installation of the GSDML file, this step is not required.
- 3. Check the communication setup for your system in the hardware manager and adapt it to your settings.

The initial setup for AKD is a static IP Address and an IO cycle time of 128 ms. Change the IP addresses for AKD and the PLC to your specific setup.

- Verify the hardware configuration in the hardware manager and click the "save and compile" button in your configuration.
   Verify the process-image input and output area of your plc and verify that is greater than 256 byte or change the input/output start address of the AKD telegram you choose. By default, the input is copied to start address 256 and the
- output to start address 256.
  5. In this example, the AKD shall be used in velocity mode. Therefore the "Standard Telegram 1" (PROFIdrive) is chosen. The signals control word, speed set point as well as status word and speed actual value are mapped to the IO-Data.
  The AKD has to be set to DRV.OPMODE 1 for this operation.

### 7.1.4 Enable the drive and run in velocity mode

The general state machine of the PROFIdrive ("General State Machine" ( $\rightarrow$  p. 30)) needs to be toggled to enable the drive. You can find in the variable table "TG1\_IO\_DATA" all necessary input and output parameters described bit-wise.

To enable the drive, write the following sequence in the control world:

- 1. QW 2#0000\_0100\_0000 -> Remote control over field bus
- 2. QW 2#0000\_0100\_0000\_0110 -> Go to S2 (Switch on inhibited)
- 3. QW 2#0000\_0100\_0000\_1110 -> Go to S3 (Switched on)
- 4. QW 2#0000\_0100\_0000\_1111 -> Go to S4 (Operational)

The drive is enabled, if the corresponding bits in the status word are set. TIP: If WorkBench is connected, you will see the drive is enabled.

	TG1_IO_DA	TA @AKD_GettingStarted	SIMATIC 300	\CPU 315-2PN/DP\57-Pro	gramm(1) ONLINE	_ 🗆 ×
	Address	Symbol	Display format	Status value	Modify value	
1	1 257.0	"SW_Bit0_ReadyToSwitchOn"	BOOL	true		
2	1 257.1	"SW_Bit1_ReadyToOperate"	BOOL	<b>III</b> true		
3	1 257.2	"SW_Bit2_OperationEnabled"	BOOL	<b>I t</b> rue		
4	1 257.3	"SW_Bit3_FaultPresent"	BOOL	false 🛛		
5	1 257.4	"SW_Bit4_CoastStopNotAct"	BOOL	<b>T</b> true		
6	1 257.5	"SW_Bit5_QuickStopnotAct"	BOOL	<b>III</b> true		
7	1 257.6	"SW_Bit6_SwitchOnInhibted"	BOOL	false		
8	1 257.7	"SW_Bit7_WarningPresent"	BOOL	false	*****	
9	1 256.0	"SW_Bit8_SpeedErrorInRang"	BOOL	false 🛛		
10	I 256.1	"SW_Bit9_ControlRequested"	BOOL	<b>i i</b> true		
11	1 256.2	"SW_Bit10_FornReached"	BOOL	📕 false		
12	1 256.3	"SW_Bit11_DeviceSpecific"	BOOL	false 🛛		
13	1 256.4	"SW_Bit12_DeviceSpecific"	BOOL	false 🛛		
14	1 256.5	"SW_Bit13_DeviceSpecific"	BOOL	false 🛛		
15						
16	Q 257.0	"CW_Bit0_SwichtedOn"	BOOL	<b>T</b> true		
17	Q 257.1	"CW_Bit1_NoCoastStop"	BOOL	true		
18	Q 257.2	"CVV_Bit2_NoQuickStop"	BOOL	<b>true</b>		
19	Q 257.3	"CW_Bit3_EnableOperation"	BOOL	true		
20	Q 257.4	"CW_Bit4_EnableRampGen"	BOOL	true		
21	Q 257.5	"CW_Bit5_UnfreezeRamp"	BOOL	true 🚺		
22	Q 257.6	"CW_Bit6_EnableSetpoint"	BOOL	true		
23	Q 257.7	"CW_Bit7_FaultAck"	BOOL	false		
24	Q 256.0	"CVV_Bit8_JogOn"	BOOL	false		
25	Q 256.1	"CW_Bit9_Jog2On"	BOOL	false		
26	Q 256.2	"CW_Bit10_ControlByPlc"	BOOL	true 🚺		
27	Q 256.3	"CVV_Bit11_StartHoming"	BOOL	false		
28	// control v	vord				
29	QW 256		BIN	2#0000_0100_0111_1111	2#0000_0100_011	1_1111
30	// status w	ord				
31	INV 256		HEX	VV#16#0237		
32	// actual ve	elocity				1101101101101
33	INV 258		HEX	VV#16#009E		
34	// set point	velocity				
35	QW 258		HEX	VV#16#00A3	VV#16#00A3	
36						

Now the set point velocity can be set. In the example (see variable table) the value is QW 258 is 0xA3 (60 rpm ("Units" ( $\rightarrow$  p. 42))). To start the motion, set Bit 4, 5 and 6 (enable ramp generator, unfreeze ramp generator and enable new set point).

Revision	Remarks
A, 10/2011	Launch version
B, 03/2012	Jog mode added, mdi submode description extended
C, 08/2012	Manufacturer specific telegram 351
D, 05/2013	Corrections, formatting acc. to 82079
E, 12/2013	Added bit 14 for position mode in Status word bits (ZSW1) (→ p. 33).
F, 05/2014	Added Signal No. 100 and 101 to Telegram configuration ( $\rightarrow$ p. 35). Added Manufacturer specific telegram 352 to I/O Telegrams ( $\rightarrow$ p. 41).

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#### About KOLLMORGEN

Kollmorgen is a leading provider of motion systems and components for machine builders. Through worldclass knowledge in motion, industry-leading quality and deep expertise in linking and integrating standard and custom products, Kollmorgen delivers breakthrough solutions that are unmatched in performance, reliability and ease-of-use, giving machine builders an irrefutable marketplace advantage.

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